Visit of Indo-British Partnership initiative Delegation

711. SYED SIBTEY RAJI: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Chairman of the Indo-British Partnership Intiative proposes to visit India alongwith a high level business delegation;

(b) if so, the details thereof with background for such a visit;

(c) whether India would be benefited with visit of this delegation in business terms;

(d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(e) whether it is a fact that some trade agreements are to be signed with this delegation; and

(f) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) to (f) The UK Co-Chairman of the Indo-British Partnership Initiative recently visited India as part of a business delegation accompanying the British Minister of Trade. The delegation had inter-action with their Indian counterparts which is expected to result in greater economic & commercial coperation.

Trade Agreements with Romania

712. SHRI V. HANUMANTHA RAO: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that India have negotiated trade agreements with Romania in 1993;

(b) if so, the nature of these agreements;

(c) what are the benefits which wiil accrue to India due to this agreement; and

(d) whether there is any proposal for more agreements in trade with Romania?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) Yes Sir. the Agreement on Trade and Economic Cooperation between India and Romania was signed in New Delhi on 23 February, 1993.

(b) The following are the more salient details of the Agreement:

(i) Promotion of bilateral trade and economic cooperation on a long term and stable basis.

(ii) mutual Most-Eavoured Nation Treatment.

(iii) all commercial and non commercial transactions in freely convertible currencies.

(iv) counter trade and other internationally recognised forms of business cooperation;

(v) promotion of cooperation in a wide range of- economic activities, including joint ventures.

(c) It is in the nature of bilateral framework agreed which is not aimed at any specific benefits but formalises the necessary understanding for the bilateral trade as we as economic cooperation. The Agreement essentially substituted the earlier agreement providing for trade on Rupee payment basis.

(d) No. Sir.

Import of Cashcwnut

713. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) how much cashewnut is exported from India annually;

(b) which is the largest cashcwnut exporting state;

(c) how much revenue is earned from this;

(d) whether it is a fact that cashcwnut has been imported from Africa this year; and

(e) if so. the reasons for

importing cashewnut when we ourselves produce so much?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL SUPPLIES, CONSUMER AFFAIRS & PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI KAMALUDDIN AHMED): (a) to (c) As per details of exports compiled by DGCI&S, export of cashew kernels during the last three years were as below:—

Year	Volune (Tonnes)	Value (Rs. Crores)
1990-91	49812	561.40
1991-92	65508	671.51
1992-93	53241	764.85
1993-94 (April-Nov.)	44577	675.58

Details of State-wise exports are not maintained. However, Kerala accounts for a large volume of export of cashew kernels from India.

(d) and (e) As the production of raw cashewnuts in the country is not adequate to meet demands of both domestic and international markets, as also because the production of raw cashewnuts within the country is not adequate to cater to the processing capacity available in the country, raw cashewnuts have to be imported, inter-alia from African region also.

Export of Tea

714. SHRI V. RAJESHWAR RAO: Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) what are total annual exports of tea as on 1st February, 1994;

(b) what action is being contemplated to encourage exports of tea;

(c) which is the largest tea exporting State in India; and

(d) the names of five countries to which India's tea exports are maximum?

THE MINISTER OF COMMERCE (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) According to the latest available data, estimated export of tea for the period between 1.4.93 to 31.12.93 has been 129.52 M.kgs. valued at Rs. 865.97 crores.

(b) Steps taken to boost exports of teas include uninational promotional campaigns through Tea Board's offices abroad. It consists of (i) participation in trade fairs/exhibitions, (ii) media compaign to increase consumer awareness towards various unique characteristics of Indian tea, (iii) media compaign to popularise Indian Tea through Tea Board marketing symbol and (iv) support to various foreign brands containing Indian tea. A part of the expenditure incurred by importers for promotional campaigns is met from Tea Board's budget. Tea Board has also undertaken Darjeeling and Assam Logo Campaign in U.K.

(c) It may not be possible to identify the share of different States of overall export of tea from India as in most cases tea is exported in blended form.

(d) Five major importers of Indian tea are Russia alongwith CIS countries, U.K., Poland, Iran and Egypt.